



# Aleksandr Vasilievich Bortnikov

#### Saraksts

Veids	Indivīds
Dzimums	Vīrietis
Saraksta nosaukums	Apvienotā Karaliste
Programmas (1)	Chemical Weapons
Sarakstā iekļaušanas datums	15.10.2020
(1)	

## Vārdi/Nosaukumi (2)

Uzvārds/Nosaukums	Bortnikov
Pirmais vārds/Nosaukums	Aleksandr
Otrais vārds/Nosaukums	Vasilievich
Pilns vārds/Nosaukums	Aleksandr Vasilievich Bortnikov
Veids	Vārds
Apraksts	Director of the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation
Uzvārds/Nosaukums	Bortnikov
Pirmais vārds/Nosaukums	Alexander
Pilns vārds/Nosaukums	Alexander Bortnikov
Veids	Vārda variācija

Director of the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation

## Pilsonības (1)

**Apraksts** 

V	/alsts	Krievijas Federācija

# Dzimšanas dati (1)

Dzimšanas datums	1951-11-15

Vieta	Perm
Valsts	Krievijas Federācija

#### Pamatojums (2)

Alexander Bortnikov is the director of the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation and, therefore, responsible for the activities conducted by the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation. Russian opposition leader Alexey Navalny was the victim of an attempted assassination during his August 2020 visit to Siberia, in which a chemical weapon—a toxic nerve agent of the Novichok group—was used. The activities and movements of Alexey Navalny during his journey to Siberia, from where he intended to return to Moscow on 20th August 2020, were closely monitored by the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation. Russia had the technical capability to carry out the attack. The Russian State has previously produced Novichoks and would still be capable of doing so. Within the last decade, Russia has produced and stockpiled small quantities of Novichok. It is unlikely that Novichoks could be made and deployed by non-state actors (e.g. a criminal or terrorist group). Russia had the operational experience to carry out the attack. Russia has a proven record of state-sponsored assassination. It is highly likely that the Russian state was responsible for the attempted assassination of Sergei Skripal in Salisbury in 2018 using a similar type of nerve agent. During the 2000s, Russia commenced a programme to test means of delivering chemical warfare agents, including investigation of ways of delivering nerve agents. Russia had the motive and opportunity to carry out the attack. Navalny was a high profile Russian opposition politician who vocally criticised the Russian administration and establishment. He was on Russian territory under surveillance by the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation at the time of the attack. Given the role of the FSB, and the extent of surveillance, there are therefore reasonable grounds to suspect that the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation was involved in the attempted assassination of Alexey Navalny using a toxic nerve agent. As director of the Federal Security Service, Alexander Bortnikov bears responsibility for the preparation and use of chemical weapons in the attempted assassination of Alexey Navalny.

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#### Vēsturiskie dati

## Vārdi/Nosaukumi (2)

Statuss	Vēsturisks (pēdējo reizi aktīvs 28.02.2022 05:16)
Uzvārds/Nosaukums	Bortnikov
Pirmais vārds/Nosaukums	Aleksandr
Otrais vārds/Nosaukums	Vasilievich
Pilns vārds/Nosaukums	Bortnikov Aleksandr Vasilievich
Veids	Galvenais segvārds
Apraksts	Director of the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation
Statuss	Vēsturisks (pēdējo reizi aktīvs 28.02.2022 05:16)
Uzvārds/Nosaukums	Bortnikov
Pirmais vārds/Nosaukums	Alexander
Pilns vārds/Nosaukums	Bortnikov Alexander
Veids	AKA (zināms arī kā)
Apraksts	Director of the Federal Security Service of the Russian Federation

# Pilsonības (1)

Statuss	Vēsturisks (pēdējo reizi aktīvs 28.02.2022 05:16)
Valsts	Krievijas Federācija

# Dzimšanas dati (1)

Statuss	Vēsturisks (pēdējo reizi aktīvs 28.02.2022 05:16)
Dzimšanas datums	1951-11-15
Vieta	Perm
Valsts	Krievijas Federācija

Atjaunots: 25.08.2025. 11:16

Katalogā iekļauti Latvijas, Apvienoto Nāciju Organizācijas, Eiropas Savienības, Apvienotās Karalistes un Amerikas Savienoto Valstu Valsts kases Ārvalstu aktīvu kontroles biroja (OFAC) un Kanādas sankciju sarakstos iekļautie subjekti.